

Parallel and Perpendicular Lines Worksheet

KEY (work on back)

Write the equation in slope intercept form of the line parallel and line perpendicular to given line through given point.

- | | Parallel | Perpendicular |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1) $y = 4x + 7$ $(-2, -9)$ | $y = 4x - 1$ | $y = -\frac{1}{4}x - 9\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 2) $2x - 5y = 10$ $(3, -7)$ | $y = \frac{2}{5}x - 8\frac{1}{5}$ | $y = -\frac{5}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 3) $3x + 4y = 16$ $(12, -5)$ | $y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 4$
Same line! | $y = \frac{4}{3}x - 21$ |

Write the equation of a line (a) parallel to \overline{AB} and (b) perpendicular to \overline{AB} .

4) A $(3, -6)$ B $(7, 2)$

$$m = \frac{-6 - 2}{3 - 7} = \frac{-8}{-4} = 2$$

$$m = \frac{2 - (-6)}{7 - 3} = \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

(a) $y = 2x + 4$
(b) $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 3$

5) A $(2, 5)$ B $(6, -7)$

$$m = \frac{5 - (-7)}{2 - 6} = \frac{12}{-4} = -3$$

$$m = \frac{-7 - 5}{6 - 2} = \frac{-12}{4} = -3$$

(a) $y = -3x - 5$
(b) $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 4$

6) A $(8, 1)$ B $(0, -1)$

$$m = \frac{1 - (-1)}{8 - 0} = \frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$m = \frac{-1 - 1}{0 - 8} = \frac{-2}{-8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

(a) $y = \frac{1}{4}x - 3$
(b) $y = -4x + 2$

7) A $(7, 9)$ B $(1, 5)$

$$m = \frac{9 - 5}{7 - 1} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$m = \frac{5 - 9}{1 - 7} = \frac{-4}{-6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

(a) $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 1$
(b) $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 4$

State if the lines are Parallel, Perpendicular, or Neither. * get both in slope-int form ($y = mx + b$) * compare slopes.

8) $6x - 12y = 24$

Perpendicular

$$\begin{aligned} 6x - 12y &= 24 \\ -6x & \quad -6x \\ \hline -12y &= -6x + 24 \\ -12 & \quad -12 \\ \hline y &= \frac{1}{2}x - 2 \end{aligned}$$

9) $4x + y = 5$

Neither

$$\begin{aligned} 4x + y &= 5 \\ -4x & \quad -4x \\ \hline y &= -4x + 5 \end{aligned}$$

10) $-2x + 7y = 14$

Neither

$$\begin{aligned} 4x &= 14y \\ -2x + 7y &= 14 \\ +2x & \quad +2x \\ \hline 7y &= 2x + 14 \\ \frac{7y}{7} &= \frac{2x}{7} + \frac{14}{7} \\ y &= \frac{2}{7}x + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 14y &= 4x \\ \frac{14y}{14} &= \frac{4x}{14} \\ y &= \frac{2}{7}x \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{1} y = 4x + 7$$

$$\begin{matrix} x & y \\ (-2, & -9) \end{matrix}$$

parallel

perpendicular

$$-9 = 4(-2) + b$$

$$-9 = -\frac{1}{4}(-2) + b$$

$$-9 = -8 + b$$

$$-9 = \frac{1}{2} + b$$

$$+8 \quad +8$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \quad -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$-1 = b$$

$$-9\frac{1}{2} = b$$

$$y = 4x - 1$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x - 9\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{2} 2x - 5y = 10$$

$$\begin{matrix} x & y \\ (3, & -7) \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{-5y}{-5} = \frac{-2x + 10}{-5}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x - 2$$

parallel

perpendicular

$$-7 = \frac{2}{5}(3) + b$$

$$-7 = -\frac{5}{2}(3) + b$$

$$-7 = \frac{6}{5} + b$$

$$-7 = -\frac{15}{2} + b$$

$$-7 = 1\frac{1}{5} + b$$

$$-7 = -7\frac{1}{2} + b$$

$$-1\frac{1}{5} \quad -1\frac{1}{5}$$

$$+7\frac{1}{2} \quad +7\frac{1}{2}$$

$$-8\frac{1}{5} = b$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = b$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x - 8\frac{1}{5}$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{3} 3x + 4y = 16$$

$$\begin{matrix} x & y \\ (12, & -5) \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-3x + 16}{4}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 4$$

perpendicular

parallel

$$-5 = \frac{4}{3}(12) + b$$

$$-5 = -\frac{3}{4}(12) + b$$

$$-\frac{36}{4}$$

$$-5 = 16 + b$$

$$-5 = -9 + b$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 4$$

$$-21 = b$$

$$+9 \quad +9$$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}x - 21$$

$$4 = b$$